115th CONGRESS 1st Session

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To ensure that claims for benefits under the Black Lung Benefits Act are processed in a fair and timely manner, to better protect miners from pneumoconiosis (commonly known as "black lung disease"), and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To ensure that claims for benefits under the Black Lung Benefits Act are processed in a fair and timely manner, to better protect miners from pneumoconiosis (commonly known as "black lung disease"), and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Black Lung Benefits

5 Improvement Act of 2017".

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

Sec. 3. Findings.

TITLE I—BLACK LUNG BENEFITS

PART A—IMPROVING THE PROCESS FOR FILING AND ADJUDICATING CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS

- Sec. 101. Mandatory disclosure of medical information and reports.
- Sec. 102. Attorneys' fees and medical expenses payment program.
- Sec. 103. Clarifying eligibility for black lung benefits.
- Sec. 104. Restoring adequate benefit adjustments for miners suffering from black lung disease and for their dependent family members.
- Sec. 105. Treatment of evidence in equipoise.
- Sec. 106. Providing assistance with claims for miners and their dependent family members.
- Sec. 107. False statements or misrepresentations, attorney disqualification, and discovery sanctions.
- Sec. 108. Development of medical evidence by the Secretary.
- Sec. 109. Establishment of pilot program to provide impartial classifications of chest radiographs.
- Sec. 110. Medical evidence training program.
- Sec. 111. Technical and conforming amendments.
- Sec. 112. Readjudicating cases involving certain chest radiographs.
- Sec. 113. Disclosure of employment and earnings information for Black Lung Benefits Act claims.

PART B—Reports To Improve the Administration of Benefits Under the Black Lung Benefits Act

- Sec. 121. Strategy to reduce delays in adjudication.
- Sec. 122. GAO report on black lung program.

TITLE II—STANDARD FOR RESPIRABLE DUST CONCENTRATION

Sec. 201. Standard for respirable dust concentration.

TITLE III—ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROGRAMS

Sec. 301. Office of Workers' Compensation Programs.

TITLE IV—SEVERABILITY

Sec. 401. Severability.

1 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) The Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
- 4 901 et seq.) was enacted to provide health care and
- 5 modest benefits to coal miners who develop pneumo-
- 6 coniosis (referred to in this section as "black lung

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1 disease") resulting from exposure to coal dust dur-2 ing their employment. Yet the determination of a 3 claimant's eligibility for these benefits often requires 4 complex, adversarial litigation. Resource disparities 5 between coal companies and such claimants are 6 widespread within the statutory and regulatory 7 framework of such Act. Comprehensive reforms are 8 necessary to ensure that coal miners are not at a 9 disadvantage when filing claims for benefits.

10 (2) The Government Accountability Office has 11 found that many claimants under the Black Lung 12 Benefits Act are not equipped with the medical and 13 legal resources necessary to develop evidence to meet 14 the requirements for benefits. Miners often lack 15 complete and reliable medical evidence, consequently 16 increasing the risk that the individuals who review 17 claims for benefits will be presented with insufficient 18 medical evidence. Similarly, without better options 19 for legal representation, significant numbers of such 20 claimants proceed with their claims through a com-21 plex and potentially long administrative process 22 without resources that Department of Labor officials 23 and black lung disease experts note are important 24 for developing evidence and supporting their claims. 25 Only 33 percent of claimants are represented by an

attorney during the initial claims determination. Ab sent efforts to remedy administrative problems and
 address structural weaknesses in the process for ob taining benefits, claimants with meritorious claims
 will not receive benefits.

6 (3) Full exchange and disclosure between the 7 parties of relevant medical information is essential 8 for fair adjudication of claims under the Black Lung 9 Benefits Act, regardless of whether the parties in-10 tend to submit such information into evidence. 11 Records of adjudications reveal that some mine oper-12 ators' legal representatives have withheld relevant 13 evidence from claimants, administrative law judges, 14 and, in some cases, even their own medical experts. 15 In several cases, the disclosure of such evidence 16 would have substantiated a miner's claim for bene-17 fits. Withholding medical information can endanger 18 miners by depriving them of important information 19 about their own health and the potential need to 20 seek medical treatment.

(4) Given the remedial nature of the Black
Lung Benefits Act, when an adjudicator determines
that evidence is evenly balanced, it is appropriate for
any resulting doubt to be resolved in favor of the
claimant. The Supreme Court vacated this long-

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standing legal principle, not on substantive grounds,
 but because its application conflicted with the re quirements of another statute. Such principle needs
 to be reinstated in the Black Lung Benefits Act be cause it provides fairness and improves the adminis tration of benefits.

7 (5) Physicians who read lung x-rays as part of 8 pulmonary assessments used in proceedings for 9 claims under the Black Lung Benefits Act are re-10 quired to demonstrate competency in classifying 11 chest radiographs by becoming certified as B Read-12 ers by the National Institute for Occupational Safety 13 Health (referred to in this section and as 14 "NIOSH"). However, investigations have uncovered 15 that there are NIOSH-certified B Readers who have 16 systematically misclassified chest radiographs while 17 employed by coal operators or their law firms for the 18 purpose of opposing claims under such Act. In re-19 sponse, the Department of Labor has directed claims 20 examiners "not to credit negative chest x-ray read-21 ings for pneumoconiosis" by one widely used physi-22 cian employed at a prominent medical center unless 23 the conclusions of such physician "have been reha-24 bilitated". Where chest radiographs are needed to 25 establish entitlement to benefits, claimants should

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have access to accurate interpretations so as to en-2 sure the fair adjudication of such claims.

3 (6) As of the date of enactment of this Act, 4 more than one year has passed since survivors were 5 denied benefits on claims under the Black Lung 6 Benefits Act that involved the consideration of chest 7 radiograph interpretations rendered by a certain 8 physician whose interpretations have since been de-9 termined by the Department of Labor to be gen-10 erally not worthy of credit. Such survivors should be 11 permitted to file a new claim for benefits under such 12 Act. However, a survivor is effectively barred from 13 filing a new claim one year after a decision regard-14 ing such benefits is final, constituting an injustice 15 that merits a remedy.

16 (7) Between the calendar years 2004 and 2014, 17 a reduction in the number of administrative law 18 judges in the Department of Labor, coupled with a 19 large increase in the number of cases filed under the 20 Black Lung Benefits Act, cuts to nondefense discre-21 tionary spending, furloughs resulting from seques-22 tration, and the 16-day shutdown of the Federal 23 Government during the calendar year 2013, has cre-24 ated extensive delays in adjudicating claims under 25 such Act and numerous other labor and employment

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1 laws. Due to the imbalance between resources and 2 caseloads, a typical claim under such Act remains 3 unresolved for an average of nearly 2 years prior to 4 a decision by an administrative law judge. These 5 delays directly and severely impact the lives of work-6 ers throughout the United States, placing an undue 7 financial and emotional burden on the affected indi-8 viduals and their families.

9 (8) Contrary to the intent of Congress, benefits 10 payments under the Black Lung Benefits Act do not 11 automatically increase with the rising cost of living. 12 Benefit payments are tied to the monthly pay rate 13 for Federal employees in grade GS-2, step 1. In sev-14 eral of the fiscal years prior to the enactment of this 15 Act, there was a pay freeze for Federal employees, 16 which had the effect of eliminating cost-of-living ad-17 justments for miners, surviving spouses, and depend-18 ents under the Black Lung Benefits Act during such 19 years.

(9) A competent assessment of medical information and testimony, which often involves multiple
physicians disputing a diagnosis, is necessary in determining whether to award benefits under the
Black Lung Benefits Act. To ensure that a determination regarding a claim for benefits under such

1	Act is fair and accurate, regular training is needed
2	regarding-
3	(A) developments in pulmonary medicine
4	relating to black lung disease;
5	(B) medical evidence necessary to sustain
6	claims for such benefits; and
7	(C) the proper weight to be given to con-
8	flicting evidence.
9	(10) Black lung disease has been the underlying
10	or contributing cause of death of more than 76,000
11	miners since 1968. After decades of decline, the inci-
12	dence of coal miners with black lung disease is on
13	the rise. According to NIOSH, miners are devel-
14	oping advanced cases of the disease at younger ages.
15	In response, the Department of Labor has taken im-
16	portant steps to combat the disease, including pro-
17	mulgating a rule that reduces the allowed concentra-
18	tion of coal dust and eliminates weaknesses in the
19	current dust sampling system. Retrospective studies
20	should be continued to determine whether revisions
21	to the standards are necessary to eliminate the dis-
22	ease.
23	(11) To eliminate an avoidable delay in evalu-
24	ating claims under such Act, the Inspector General

25 of the Department of Labor has recommended legis-

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lation that would authorize the Department of Labor
 to have electronic access to miners' earning records
 held by the Social Security Administration.

4 TITLE I—BLACK LUNG BENEFITS 5 PART A—IMPROVING THE PROCESS FOR FILING

6 AND ADJUDICATING CLAIMS FOR BENEFITS

7 SEC. 101. MANDATORY DISCLOSURE OF MEDICAL INFOR8 MATION AND REPORTS.

9 Part A of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
10 901 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol11 lowing:

12 "SEC. 403. MANDATORY MEDICAL INFORMATION DISCLO-13 SURE.

14 "(a) REPORT.—In any claim for benefits under this 15 title, an operator that requires a miner to submit to a 16 medical examination regarding the miner's respiratory or 17 pulmonary condition shall, not later than 21 days after 18 the miner has been examined, deliver to the claimant a 19 complete copy of the examining physician's report. The ex-20 amining physician's report shall—

21 "(1) be in writing; and

"(2) set out in detail the findings of such physician, including any diagnoses and conclusions, the
results of any diagnostic imaging tests, and any
other tests performed on the miner.

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1 "(b) DISCLOSURE.—In any claim for benefits under 2 this title, each party shall provide all other parties in the 3 proceeding with a copy of all medical information devel-4 oped regarding the miner's physical condition relating to 5 such claim, even if the party does not intend to submit 6 the information as evidence. Such medical information 7 shall include the opinion of any examining physician, and 8 any examining or nonexamining physician's interpreta-9 tions of radiographs or pathology.

"(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate
regulations regarding the disclosure of medical information under this section, and such regulations may establish
sanctions for noncompliance with this section.".

14 SEC. 102. ATTORNEYS' FEES AND MEDICAL EXPENSES PAY15 MENT PROGRAM.

Part A of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
901 et seq.), as amended by section 101, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

19 "SEC. 404. ATTORNEYS' FEES AND MEDICAL EXPENSES PAY-

20

MENT PROGRAM.

21 "(a) Program Established.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
after the date of enactment of the Black Lung Benefits Improvement Act of 2017, the Secretary shall
establish a payment program to pay attorneys' fees

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1 and other reasonable and unreimbursed medical ex-2 penses incurred in establishing the claimant's case, 3 using amounts from the fund, to the attorneys of claimants in qualifying claims. 4 5 "(2) QUALIFYING CLAIM.—A qualifying claim 6 for purposes of this section is a contested claim for 7 benefits under this title for which a final order has 8 not been entered within one year of the filing of the 9 claim. "(3) Use of payments from the fund.— 10

10 (6) CSE of THIMERIE TROM THE FORD.
11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
12 amounts in the fund shall be available for payments
13 authorized by the Secretary under this section.

14 "(b) PAYMENTS AUTHORIZED.—

15 "(1) ATTORNEYS' FEES.—

"(A) APPROVAL.—If a claimant for benefits under this title obtains a proposed decision
and order from a district director with an
award of benefits for a qualifying claim, or an
award for a qualifying claim before an administrative law judge—

22 "(i) the district director may approve
23 attorneys' fees for work done before such
24 director in an amount not to exceed
25 \$1,500; and

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1	"(ii) an administrative law judge may
2	approve attorneys' fees for work done be-
3	fore such judge in an amount not to exceed
4	\$3,000.
5	"(B) PAYMENT.—The Secretary shall,
6	through the program under this section, pay
7	any amounts approved under subparagraph (A).
8	"(2) Medical expenses.—
9	"(A) APPROVAL.—If a claimant for bene-
10	fits under this title obtains a proposed decision
11	and order from a district director with an
12	award of benefits for a qualifying claim, or an
13	award for a qualifying claim before an adminis-
14	trative law judge, such district director and ad-
15	ministrative law judge may each approve an
16	award, in an amount not to exceed \$1,500, to
17	the claimant's attorney of reasonable and unre-
18	imbursed medical expenses incurred in estab-
19	lishing the claimant's case.
20	"(B) PAYMENT.—The Secretary shall,
21	through the program under this section, pay
22	any amounts approved under subparagraph (A).
23	"(3) MAXIMUM.—The Secretary, through the
24	program established under this section, shall for any
25	single qualifying claim pay—

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 "(A) not more than a total of \$4,500 in attorneys' fees; and
 "(B) not more than \$3,000 in medical ex-

penses.

5 "(c) REIMBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.—In any case in which a qualifying claim results in a final order awarding 6 7 compensation, the liable operator shall reimburse the fund 8 for any fees or expenses paid under this section, subject 9 to enforcement by the Secretary under section 424 and 10 in the same manner as compensation orders are enforced under section 21(d) of the Longshore and Harbor Work-11 12 ers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 921(d)).

13 "(d) ADDITIONAL PROGRAM RULES.—Nothing in this section shall limit or otherwise affect an operator's 14 15 liability for any attorneys' fees or medical expenses awarded by the district director or an administrative law judge 16 17 that were not paid by the program under this section. 18 Nothing in this section shall limit or otherwise affect the 19 Secretary's authority to use amounts in the fund to pay approved attorneys' fees in claims for benefits under this 2021 title for which a final order awarding compensation has 22 been entered and the operator is unable to pay.

23 "(e) NO RECOUPMENT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES.—Any
24 payment for attorneys' fees or medical expenses made by

the Secretary under this section shall not be recouped
 from the claimant or the claimant's attorney.".

3 SEC. 103. CLARIFYING ELIGIBILITY FOR BLACK LUNG BEN4 EFITS.

5 Section 411(c) of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30
6 U.S.C. 921(c)) is amended by striking paragraphs (3) and
7 (4) and inserting the following:

8 "(3) If x-ray, biopsy, autopsy, or other medi-9 cally accepted and relevant test or procedure estab-10 lishes that a miner is suffering or has suffered from 11 a chronic dust disease of the lung, diagnosed as 12 complicated pneumoconiosis or progressive massive 13 fibrosis (pneumoconiosis that has formed an opacity, 14 mass, or lesion whose greatest diameter exceeds 1 15 centimeter), then there shall be an irrebuttable pre-16 sumption that such miner is totally disabled due to 17 pneumoconiosis, that the miner's death was due to 18 pneumoconiosis, or that at the time of death the 19 miner was totally disabled by pneumoconiosis, as the 20 case may be. A chest radiograph, which yields one 21 or more large opacities (whose greatest diameter ex-22 ceeds 1 centimeter), and would be classified in cat-23 egory A, B, or C in the International Classification 24 of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses by the Inter-25 national Labor Organization, shall be sufficient to

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invoke the presumption, in the absence of more pro bative evidence sufficient to establish that the eti ology of a large opacity is not pneumoconiosis.

4 "(4) If a miner was employed for 15 years or 5 more in one or more coal mines, and if there is a 6 chest radiograph submitted in connection with the 7 claim under this title of such miner or such miner's 8 surviving spouse, child, parent, brother, sister, or de-9 pendent and it is interpreted as negative with re-10 spect to the requirements of paragraph (3), and if 11 other evidence demonstrates the existence of a to-12 tally disabling respiratory or pulmonary impairment, 13 then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that 14 such miner is totally disabled due to pneumoconiosis, 15 that the miner's death was due to pneumoconiosis, 16 or that at the time of death the miner was totally 17 disabled by pneumoconiosis. In the case of a living 18 miner, a spouse's affidavit may not be used by itself 19 to establish the presumption under this paragraph. 20 The presumption under this paragraph may be re-21 butted only by establishing that such miner does 22 not, or did not, have pneumoconiosis, or that no part 23 of such miner's respiratory or pulmonary impair-24 ment or death was caused by pneumoconiosis.".

1	SEC. 104. RESTORING ADEQUATE BENEFIT ADJUSTMENTS
2	FOR MINERS SUFFERING FROM BLACK LUNG
3	DISEASE AND FOR THEIR DEPENDENT FAM-
4	ILY MEMBERS.
5	Section 412(a) of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30
6	U.S.C. 922(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and
7	inserting the following:
8	"(1) In the case of total disability of a miner
9	due to pneumoconiosis, the disabled miner shall be
10	paid benefits during the disability—
11	"(A) for any calendar year preceding Jan-
12	uary 1, 2015, at a rate equal to $37\frac{1}{2}$ percent
13	of the monthly pay rate for Federal employees
14	in grade GS–2, step 1;
15	"(B) for the calendar year beginning on
16	January 1, 2015, at a rate of \$7,980 per year,
17	payable in 12 equal monthly payments; and
18	"(C) for each calendar year thereafter, at
19	a rate equal to the amount under subparagraph
20	(B) increased by an amount equal to any in-
21	crease in the annual rate of the Consumer Price
22	Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical
23	Workers, as published by the Bureau of Labor
24	Statistics.".

1 SEC. 105. TREATMENT OF EVIDENCE IN EQUIPOISE.

2 Section 422 of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30
3 U.S.C. 932) is amended by adding at the end the fol4 lowing:

5 "(m) In determining the validity of a claim under this
6 title, an adjudicator who finds that the evidence is evenly
7 balanced on an issue shall resolve any resulting doubt in
8 the claimant's favor and find that the claimant has met
9 the burden of persuasion on such issue.".

10 SEC. 106. PROVIDING ASSISTANCE WITH CLAIMS FOR MIN 11 ERS AND THEIR DEPENDENT FAMILY MEM 12 BERS.

13 Section 427(a) of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30) U.S.C. 937(a)) is amended by striking "the analysis, ex-14 amination, and treatment" and all that follows through 15 "coal miners." and inserting "the analysis, examination, 16 17 and treatment of respiratory and pulmonary impairments in active and inactive coal miners and for assistance on 18 19 behalf of miners, spouses, dependents, and other family 20 members with claims arising under this title.".

21 SEC. 107. FALSE STATEMENTS OR MISREPRESENTATIONS, 22 ATTORNEY DISQUALIFICATION, AND DIS23 COVERY SANCTIONS.

24 Section 431 of the Black Lung Benefits Act (3025 U.S.C. 941) is amended to read as follows:

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1"SEC. 431. FALSE STATEMENTS OR MISREPRESENTATIONS,2ATTORNEY DISQUALIFICATION, AND DIS-3COVERY SANCTIONS.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No person, including any claim5 ant, physician, operator, duly authorized agent of such op6 erator, or employee of an insurance carrier, shall—

7 "(1) knowingly and willfully make a false state8 ment or misrepresentation for the purpose of obtain9 ing, increasing, reducing, denying, or terminating
10 benefits under this title; or

"(2) threaten, coerce, intimidate, deceive, or
knowingly mislead a party, representative, witness,
potential witness, judge, or anyone participating in
a proceeding regarding any matter related to a proceeding under this title.

"(b) FINE; IMPRISONMENT.—Any person who engages in the conduct described in subsection (a) shall,
upon conviction, be subject to a fine in accordance with
title 18, United States Code, imprisoned for not more than
5 years, or both.

21 "(c) PROMPT INVESTIGATION.—The United States
22 Attorney for the district in which the conduct described
23 in subsection (a) is alleged to have occurred shall make
24 every reasonable effort to promptly investigate each com25 plaint of a violation of such subsection.

26 "(d) DISQUALIFICATION.—

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1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An attorney or expert wit-
2	ness who engages in the conduct described in sub-
3	section (a) shall, in addition to the fine or imprison-
4	ment provided under subsection (b), be permanently
5	disqualified from representing any party, or appear-
6	ing in any proceeding, under this title.
7	"(2) ATTORNEY DISQUALIFICATION.—In addi-
8	tion to the disqualification described in paragraph
9	(1), the Secretary may disqualify an attorney from
10	representing any party in a proceeding under this
11	title for either a limited term or permanently, if the
12	attorney—
13	"(A) engages in any action or behavior
14	that is prejudicial to the fair and orderly con-
15	duct of such proceeding; or
16	"(B) is suspended or disbarred by any
17	court of the United States, any State, or any
18	territory, commonwealth, or possession of the
19	United States with jurisdiction over the pro-
20	ceeding.
21	"(e) DISCOVERY SANCTIONS.—An administrative law
22	judge may sanction a party who fails to comply with an
23	order to compel discovery or disclosure, or to supplement
24	earlier responses, in a proceeding under this title. These
25	sanctions may include, as appropriate—

	20
1	((1) drawing an adverse inference against the
2	noncomplying party on the facts relevant to the dis-
3	covery or disclosure order;
4	"(2) limiting the noncomplying party's claims,
5	defenses, or right to introduce evidence; and
6	"(3) rendering a default decision against the
7	noncomplying party.
8	"(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall promulgate
9	regulations that—
10	"(1) provide procedures for the disqualifications
11	and sanctions under this section and are appropriate
12	for all parties; and
13	((2)) distinguish between parties that are rep-
13 14	resented by an attorney and parties that are not
14	resented by an attorney and parties that are not
14 15	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.".
14 15 16	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE
14 15 16 17	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY.
14 15 16 17 18	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY. Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
14 15 16 17 18 19	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY. Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 931 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY. Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 931 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY. Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 931 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "SEC. 435. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	resented by an attorney and parties that are not represented by an attorney.". SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY. Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 931 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "SEC. 435. DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL EVIDENCE BY THE SECRETARY.

stantiate the claim through a complete pulmonary evalua tion of the miner that shall include—
 "(1) an initial report, conducted by a qualified
 physician on the list provided under subsection (d),
 and in accordance with subsection (d)(5) and sec-

6 tions 402(f)(1)(D) and 413(b); and

7 "(2) if the conditions under subsection (b) are
8 met, any supplemental medical evidence described in
9 subsection (c).

10 "(b) CONDITIONS FOR SUPPLEMENTAL MEDICAL
11 EVIDENCE.—The Secretary shall develop supplemental
12 medical evidence, in accordance with subsection (c)—

13 "(1) for any claim in which the Secretary rec-14 ommends an award of benefits based on the results 15 of the initial report under subsection (a)(1) and a 16 party opposing such award submits evidence that 17 could be considered contrary to the findings of the 18 Secretary; and

19 "(2) for any compensation case under this title20 heard by an administrative law judge, in which—

21 "(A) the Secretary has awarded benefits to22 the claimant;

23 "(B) the party opposing such award has24 submitted evidence not previously reviewed that

1	could be considered contrary to the award
2	under subparagraph (A); and
3	"(C) the claimant or, if the claimant is
4	represented by an attorney, the claimant's at-
5	torney consents to the Secretary developing
6	supplemental medical evidence.
7	"(c) Process for Supplemental Medical Evi-
8	DENCE.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under
10	paragraph (2), to develop supplemental medical evi-
11	dence under conditions described in subsection (b),
12	the Secretary shall request the physician who con-
13	ducted the initial report under subsection $(a)(1)$
14	to—
15	"(A) review any medical evidence sub-
16	mitted after such report or the most recent sup-
17	plemental report, as appropriate; and
18	"(B) update his or her opinion in a supple-
19	mental report.
20	"(2) ALTERNATIVE PHYSICIAN.—If such physi-
21	cian is no longer available or is unwilling to provide
22	supplemental medical evidence under paragraph (1) ,
23	the Secretary shall select another qualified physician
24	to provide such evidence.

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1 "(3) Complicated pneumoconiosis.—In di-2 agnosing whether there is complicated pneumo-3 coniosis as a part of a medical examination con-4 ducted under paragraphs (1) or (2), the Secretary 5 shall authorize a high-quality, low-dose or standard 6 CT scan where one or more of the following is 7 found: "(A) Any certified B reader of a chest 8 9 radiograph associated with the examination 10 under section 413(b) finds advanced pneumo-11 coniosis (ILO category 2/1 or greater). 12 "(B) Any certified B reader of a chest 13 radiograph associated with the examination 14 under section 413(b) finds a coalescence of 15 small opacities. "(C) Any certified B reader of a chest 16 17 radiograph associated with the examination 18 under section 413(b) has a reasonable belief 19 that there may be a large opacity in the upper 20 lungs that has been obscured by bony struc-21 tures. 22 "(d) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS FOR COMPLETE PUL-23 MONARY EVALUATION AND PROTECTIONS FOR SUIT-ABILITY AND POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.— 24

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"(1) QUALIFIED PHYSICIANS LIST.—The Sec retary shall create and maintain a list of qualified
 physicians to be selected by a claimant to perform
 the complete pulmonary evaluation described in sub section (a).
 "(2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary

7 shall make the list under this subsection available to8 the public.

9 "(3) ANNUAL EVALUATION.—Each year, the 10 Secretary shall update such list by reviewing the 11 suitability of the listed qualified physicians and as-12 sessing any potential conflicts of interest.

13 "(4) CRITERIA FOR SUITABILITY.—In deter-14 mining whether a physician is suitable to be on the 15 list under this subsection, the Secretary shall consult 16 the National Practitioner Data Bank of the Depart-17 ment of Health and Human Services and assess re-18 ports of adverse licensure, certifications, hospital 19 privilege, and professional society actions involving 20 the physician. In no case shall such list include any 21 physician-

22 "(A) who is not licensed to practice medi23 cine in any State or any territory, common24 wealth, or possession of the United States;

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1	"(B) whose license is revoked by a medical
2	licensing board of any State, territory, common-
3	wealth, or possession of the United States; or
4	"(C) whose license is suspended by a med-
5	ical licensing board of any State, territory, com-
6	monwealth, or possession of the United States.
7	"(5) Conflicts of interest.—The Secretary
8	shall develop and implement policies and procedures
9	to ensure that any actual or potential conflict of in-
10	terest of qualified physicians on the list under this
11	subsection, including both individual and organiza-
12	tional conflicts of interest, are disclosed to the De-
13	partment, and to provide such disclosure to claim-
14	ants. Such policies and procedures shall provide
15	that, unless the claimant knowingly and with the
16	benefit of full disclosure waives the following limita-
17	tions, a physician shall not be used to perform a
18	complete pulmonary medical evaluation under sub-
19	section (a) that is reimbursed pursuant to subsection
20	(f), if—
21	"(A) such physician is employed by, under
22	contract to, or otherwise providing services to a
23	private party opposing the claim, a law firm or
24	lawyer representing such opposing party, or an

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interested insurer or other interested third
 party; or
 "(B) such physician has been retained by

a private party opposing the claim, a law firm or lawyer representing such opposing party, or an interested insurer or other interested third party in the previous 24 months.

8 "(e) RECORD.—Upon receipt of any initial report or 9 supplemental report under this section, the Secretary shall 10 enter the report in the record and provide a copy of such 11 report to all parties to the proceeding.

12 "(f) EXPENSES.—All expenses related to obtaining 13 the medical evidence under this section shall be paid for 14 by the fund. If a claimant receives a final award of bene-15 fits, the operator liable for payment of benefits, if any, 16 shall reimburse the fund for such expenses, which shall 17 include interest.".

18 SEC. 109. ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM TO PRO-

19VIDE IMPARTIAL CLASSIFICATIONS OF20CHEST RADIOGRAPHS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Part C of the Black Lung
Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 931 et seq.), as amended by section 108, is further amended by adding at the end the
following:

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1	"SEC. 436. ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM TO PRO-
2	VIDE IMPARTIAL CLASSIFICATIONS OF
3	CHEST RADIOGRAPHS.
4	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
5	"(1) B READER.—The term 'B Reader' means
6	an individual who—
7	"(A) has a valid license to practice medi-
8	cine in not less than one State, territory, com-
9	monwealth, or possession of the United States;
10	and
11	"(B) has demonstrated a proficiency,
12	through an examination administered by the
13	National Institute for Occupational Safety and
14	Health, in classifying chest radiographs for
15	findings consistent with pneumoconiosis using
16	the International Classification of Radiographs
17	of Pneumoconioses by the International Labor
18	Organization.
19	"(2) B READER PANEL.—The term 'B Reader
20	Panel' means a panel of not less than 3 B Readers
21	selected by the Director exclusively from the B
22	Reader Panel Pool.
23	"(3) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means
24	the Director of the National Institute for Occupa-
25	tional Safety and Health.
22 23 24	Reader Panel Pool. "(3) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' mean the Director of the National Institute for Occupa

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1	"(4) ILO CLASSIFICATION.—The term 'ILO
2	classification' means the standardized categorization
3	of chest radiographs for findings consistent with
4	pneumoconiosis using the International Classifica-
5	tion of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses by the Inter-
6	national Labor Organization.
7	"(5) B READER PANEL POOL.—The term 'B
8	Reader Panel Pool' means the group of physicians
9	included in the pool described in subsection (c).
10	"(b) B Reader Panel Program.—
11	"(1) Establishment of pilot program.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall es-
13	tablish, in the National Institute for Occupa-
14	tional Safety and Health, a pilot program to be
15	known as the 'B Reader Panel Program'. The
16	B Reader Panel Program shall establish B
17	Reader Panels that—
18	"(i) are operated in a manner to as-
19	sure accurate ILO classifications, which
20	may be used for claims for benefits de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (C);
22	"(ii) only classify chest radiographs;
23	and
24	"(iii) classify all appearances de-
25	scribed in the International Classification

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1	of Radiographs of Pneumoconiosis by the
2	International Labor Organization or illus-
3	trated by the International Labor Organi-
4	zation standard radiographs.
5	"(B) DURATION.—The B Reader Panel
6	Program established under this section shall be
7	conducted for a duration of one year, beginning
8	after the issuance of necessary protocols and in-
9	terim final rules under subsection (h).
10	"(C) Applicability.—A chest radiograph
11	classification may only be requested under this
12	section for a claim for benefits under this title
13	where the presence or absence of complicated
14	pneumoconiosis or progressive massive fibrosis
15	(large opacities greater than or equal to cat-
16	egory A of the ILO classification) is in fact at
17	issue.
18	"(2) Program personnel matters.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director may hire
20	such personnel as are necessary to establish,
21	manage, and evaluate the B Reader Panel Pro-
22	gram, including a B Reader Program Director
23	described in subparagraph (B).
24	"(B) B READER PROGRAM DIRECTOR.—
25	The B Reader Program Director shall be a phy-

1	sician who is a B Reader and has documented
2	expertise in ILO classifications.
3	"(C) Staff.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In procuring the
5	services of B Readers for this section, the
6	Director may hire Federal personnel, con-
7	tract for services, or both.
8	"(ii) Compensation.—The Director
9	shall establish compensation rates for B
10	Readers who are hired under contract.
11	"(3) ETHICS POLICY.—
12	"(A) CODE OF ETHICS.—
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In order to maxi-
14	mize the quality, objectivity, and con-
15	fidence in ILO classifications under this
16	section, the Director shall establish a bind-
17	ing code of ethics to which all B Readers
18	in the B Reader Panel Pool shall agree to
19	in writing and adhere.
20	"(ii) CONTENTS.—The code of ethics
21	shall include—
22	"(I) definitions and stipulations
23	of procedures dealing with actual and
24	apparent conflicts of interest and the

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1	appearance of bias or lack of suffi-
2	cient impartiality;
3	"(II) a requirement that each
4	such B Reader submits a conflict of
5	interest disclosure statement to the
6	Director and annually updates such
7	statement; and
8	"(III) requirements for the con-
9	tent of the conflict of interest disclo-
10	sure statements required under sub-
11	clause (II).
12	"(B) B READER ETHICS OFFICER.—The
13	Director shall designate an employee of the Na-
14	tional Institute for Occupational Safety and
15	Health as the B Reader Ethics Officer whose
16	responsibilities shall include—
17	"(i) reviewing all conflict of interest
18	disclosures of B Readers on the B Reader
19	Panel Pool;
20	"(ii) investigating the validity of such
21	disclosures;
22	"(iii) maintaining a list of such B
23	Readers who fail to disclose a conflict of
24	interest;

1	"(iv) addressing complaints about in-
2	complete or inaccurate conflict of interest
3	disclosures;
4	"(v) assessing whether any such B
5	Reader has been improperly assigned to a
6	panel due to a conflict of interest; and
7	"(vi) assuring full transparency of
8	conflict of interest disclosures to the pub-
9	lie.
10	"(4) QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM.—
11	"(A) Protocols.—
12	"(i) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director
13	shall establish a quality assurance program
14	consisting of protocols to ensure that the
15	results produced by B Reader Panels meet
16	or exceed standards of performance re-
17	quired for accuracy and consistency.
18	"(ii) Protocols.—The protocols
19	under this subparagraph shall include pro-
20	tocols—
21	"(I) for each B Reader to pre-
22	pare an individual ILO classification
23	report for each chest radiograph; and

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1	"(II) for the preparation of a
2	final ILO classification report for the
3	chest radiograph.
4	"(iii) Additional reviewers.—If
5	individual ILO classifications reported by
6	each B Reader of a B Reader Panel di-
7	verge from each other by more than an ac-
8	ceptable variance, as determined by proto-
9	cols established under subsection (h), the
10	Director shall assign additional B Readers

to the applicable B Reader Panel or con-

vene an additional B Reader Panel, as the

Director determines necessary, to assure

that the ILO classification report of the

initial B Reader Panel is accurate and sci-

17 "(iv) Use of known positive and 18 NEGATIVE X-RAYS AS A QUALITY CONTROL 19 TOOL.—The quality assurance program 20 under this paragraph shall use pre-read radiographs, for which ILO classifications 21 22 have been previously established as exter-23 nal standards, with sufficient frequency in 24 order to assure that B Readers on B Read-25 er Panels read radiographs that are bor-

entifically valid.

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1	derline positive or negative for complicated
2	pneumoconiosis or progressive massive fi-
3	brosis (large opacities greater than or
4	equal to category A of the ILO classifica-
5	tion) with accuracy and consistency.
6	"(v) BLIND READINGS.—In reading a
7	radiograph to make an ILO classification,
8	a B Reader shall be blinded from the ori-
9	gin of the radiograph.
10	"(B) Continuous improvement.—The
11	Director shall establish a process for providing
12	feedback to B Readers in the B Reader Pool
13	with respect to their performance in providing
14	ILO classifications and provide suggestions for
15	improvement.
16	"(c) Creation and Maintenance of B Reader
17	PANEL POOL.—
18	"(1) Establishment.—The Director shall es-
19	tablish a B Reader Panel Pool to be used for the B
20	Reader Panel Program under this section. The Di-
21	rector shall solicit and select physicians who are B
22	Readers for inclusion in the B Reader Panel Pool.
23	"(2) Selection and retention for B read-
24	ERS ON B READER PANEL POOL.—

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1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall es-
2	tablish and disclose criteria by which B Readers
3	are selected and retained within the B Reader
4	Panel Pool, including minimum standards of
5	performance described in subparagraph (B).
6	"(B) MINIMUM STANDARDS OF PERFORM-
7	ANCE.—The minimum standards of perform-
8	ance for inclusion in the B Reader Panel Pool
9	shall include requiring the B Reader to make
10	radiograph classifications consistent with ILO
11	classification criteria that are consistently with-
12	in acceptable norms, as established by the Di-
13	rector.
14	"(C) Considerations for selection.—
15	In selecting a B Reader to be included in the
16	B Reader Panel Pool, the Director shall—
17	"(i) assess, to the maximum extent
18	practicable, the prior performance of the B
19	Reader in making ILO classifications;
20	"(ii) consult the National Practitioner
21	Data Bank of the Department of Health
22	and Human Services for information on
23	physician suitability; and
24	"(iii) assess reports of adverse licen-
25	sure, certifications, hospital privilege, and

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1	professional society actions involving the B
2	Reader.
3	"(D) MONITORING.—The Director shall
4	monitor ILO classifications conducted under
5	this section to determine if any B Reader in-
6	cluded in the B Reader Panel Pool dem-
7	onstrates a pattern of providing ILO classifica-
8	tions that are erroneous or not consistently
9	within the acceptable norms, as established by
10	the Director.
11	"(3) Process for removal.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall be
13	authorized to suspend or remove any B Reader
14	from the B Reader Panel Pool for—
15	"(i) consistently failing to meet the
16	minimum standards of performance under
17	paragraph (2)(B);
18	"(ii) breaching the code of ethics
19	under subsection $(b)(3)(A)$; or
20	"(iii) other disqualifying conduct, as
21	established by rule or policy.
22	"(B) REVIEW.—The Director shall provide
23	a process for a B Reader who is aggrieved by
24	a decision of the Director under subparagraph
25	(A) to seek review by the Secretary of Health

1	and Human Services. The review by such Sec-
2	retary shall not stay the suspension of the B
3	Reader during the pendency of the review.
4	"(4) DISCLOSURE.—The Director shall make
5	publicly accessible—
6	"(A) the names and qualifications of the B
7	Readers included in the B Reader Panel Pool;
8	"(B) the names of B Readers who have
9	been suspended or removed from the B Reader
10	Panel Pool and the reasons for such suspension
11	or removal;
12	"(C) the conflict of interest disclosure
13	statements required under subsection
14	(b)(3)(A)(ii)(II); and
15	"(D) any pertinent information which the
16	Director determines necessary to assure trans-
17	parency and program integrity.
18	"(d) ELIGIBILITY TO REQUEST ILO CLASSIFICA-
19	TIONS.—Each of the following individuals may request an
20	ILO classification under this section:
21	"(1) Claimants or operators, or their authorized
22	representatives, in a claim for benefits that meets
23	the requirements of subsection $(b)(1)(C)$.
24	"(2) Individuals defined as adjudication officers
25	by regulations of the Secretary.

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"(e) TIMING OF REPORTS.—Following the receipt of
 a written request for the classification of a chest
 radiograph, the Director shall provide a report conducted
 by a B Reader Panel—

5 "(1) for digital chest radiographic images, with6 in 45 days; and

7 "(2) for film-based chest radiographs, within 908 days.

9 "(f) TESTIMONY.—

10 "(1) AVAILABILITY OF DIRECTOR OR DES-11 IGNEE.—The Director, or a designee of the Director, 12 shall be available to respond to interrogatories or ap-13 pear and testify about a B Reader Panel's conclu-14 sions or the process by which B Reader Panels clas-15 sify radiographs in a case under subsection 16 (b)(1)(C), upon the request of a party to such case.

17 "(2) INTERROGATORIES AND SUBPOENAS FOR B
18 READERS.—To the extent that additional informa19 tion is reasonably necessary for the full development
20 of evidence pertaining to a B Reader Panel Report
21 in a case under subsection (b)(1)(C), a B Reader of
22 a B Reader Panel—

23 "(A) may be required to respond to inter24 rogatories with respect to the ILO classification

1	provided by the B Reader in the case, only if
2	so ordered by an administrative law judge; and
3	"(B) may not be required to appear and
4	testify under subpoena, unless the party making
5	such request demonstrates to an administrative
6	law judge that—
7	"(i)(I) the B Reader Panel Report is
8	incomplete or lacks information that is rea-
9	sonably necessary for such full develop-
10	ment; and
11	"(II) if responses to interrogatories
12	were ordered, the responses are unclear or
13	incomplete; or
14	"(ii) there is an extraordinary cir-
15	cumstance in which additional information
16	that is reasonably necessary for such full
17	development is otherwise unavailable from
18	the Director and can only be provided by
19	such B Reader.
20	"(g) Administrative Costs.—
21	"(1) Establishment.—Funds necessary to es-
22	tablish and operate the B Reader Panel Program
23	under this section shall be paid as an administrative
24	cost from the fund. The Director shall consult with

1	the Secretary on allocations of funds in establishing
2	such program.
3	"(2) Costs of reports for B reader pan-
4	ELS.—
5	"(A) FEES.—
6	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall
7	establish a fee for a B Reader Panel Re-
8	port in accordance with clause (ii). Such
9	fee shall be payable by the party request-
10	ing such report. No fee shall be charged if
11	the request for such ILO classification is
12	made by an individual defined as an adju-
13	dication officer by regulations of the Sec-
14	retary.
15	"(ii) LIMITATION.—The amount of a
16	fee under clause (i) shall not exceed the di-
17	rect cost of hiring the B Readers of the B
18	Reader Panel that made the ILO classi-
19	fication.
20	"(B) Legal costs.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The National In-
22	stitute for Occupational Safety and Health
23	shall use amounts in the fund to pay for
24	all costs related to the appearance and re-
25	sponses to interrogatories of the Director

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1	or a designee of the Director, or a B Read-
2	er of a B Reader Panel, in a proceeding
3	under this section.
4	"(ii) Representation of the NA-
5	TIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL
6	SAFETY AND HEALTH.—The Office of the
7	General Counsel of the Department of
8	Health and Human Services shall, in con-
9	sultation with the Solicitor of Labor, rep-
10	resent the National Institute for Occupa-
11	tional Safety and Health in any proceeding
12	under this section, the costs of which shall
13	be payable from the fund.
14	"(h) Protocols and Interim Final Rules.—Not
15	later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the
16	Black Lung Benefits Improvement Act of 2017, the Sec-
17	retary of Health and Human Services shall issue protocols
18	and promulgate interim final rules, as necessary, to com-
19	mence the implementation of this section.
20	"(i) Report to Congress.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days
22	after the completion of the pilot program under this
23	section, the Director shall, in consultation with the
24	Secretary of Labor, prepare and submit a report to

25 the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and

1	Pensions of the Senate and the Committee on Edu-
2	cation and the Workforce of the House of Rep-
3	resentatives that includes the information in para-
4	graph (2).
5	"(2) CONTENTS.—The report under this sub-
6	section shall include—
7	"(A) the number of B Reader Panels es-
8	tablished under this section;
9	"(B) the number of B Readers partici-
10	pating in the pilot program under this section;
11	"(C) the effectiveness of the quality assur-
12	ance program under subsection (b)(4);
13	"(D) the accuracy of the ILO classifica-
14	tions conducted by B Readers under this sec-
15	tion;
16	"(E) challenges in the administration and
17	implementation of such pilot program;
18	"(F) the costs and revenues of such pilot
19	program;
20	"(G) the impact of the pilot program on
21	the claims-adjudication process;
22	"(H) a recommendation on whether the
23	pilot program under this section should extend
24	beyond the one-year duration under subsection
25	(b)(1)(B); and

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"(I) recommendations for any necessary
 modifications to such pilot program, if the Di rector recommends such an extension.".

4 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT RELATED TO DE5 POSIT OF FEES.—Section 9501(b) of the Internal Rev6 enue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9501(b)) is amended by
7 adding at the end the following new paragraph:

8 "(3) CERTAIN FEES.—Amounts collected as
9 fees authorized under section 436(g)(2)(A) of the
10 Black Lung Benefits Act.".

11 SEC. 110. MEDICAL EVIDENCE TRAINING PROGRAM.

Part C of the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
931 et seq.), as amended by sections 108 and 109, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

15 "SEC. 437. MEDICAL EVIDENCE TRAINING PROGRAM.

16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the 17 date of enactment of the Black Lung Benefits Improvement Act of 2017, the Secretary, in coordination with the 18 19 National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, 20shall establish and implement a training program, to pro-21 vide education on issues relating to medical evidence rel-22 evant to claims for benefits under this title, to each of 23 the following individuals who engage in work under this title: 24

25 "(1) District directors.

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"(2) Claims examiners working under such di-1 2 rectors. 3 "(3) Administrative law judges and attorney 4 advisors supporting such judges. 5 "(4) Members of the Benefits Review Board es-6 tablished under section 21(b) of the Longshore and 7 Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 8 921(b)). 9 "(b) TRAINING PROGRAM TOPICS.—The training program under this section shall provide an overview of 10 11 topics that include— 12 "(1) new developments in pulmonary medicine 13 relating to pneumoconiosis; 14 "(2) medical evidence, and other relevant evi-15 dence, sufficient to support a claim for benefits 16 under this title; and 17 "(3) weighing conflicting medical evidence and 18 testimony concerning eligibility for such benefits. 19 "(c) TIMING OF TRAINING.—

20 "(1) INDIVIDUALS HIRED OR APPOINTED PRIOR 21 TO THE BLACK LUNG BENEFITS IMPROVEMENT ACT 22 OF 2017.—Any district director, claims examiner, ad-23 ministrative law judge, attorney advisor supporting 24 such judge, or member of the Benefits Review Board 25 described in subsection (a)(4), who was hired or ap-

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pointed prior to the date of enactment of the Black
 Lung Benefits Improvement Act of 2017 shall com plete the training program under this section not
 later than 60 days after the establishment of such
 program under subsection (a) and not less than an nually thereafter.

7 "(2) Individuals hired or appointed after 8 THE BLACK LUNG BENEFITS IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 9 2017.—Any district director, claims examiner, admin-10 istrative law judge, attorney advisor supporting such 11 judge, or member of the Benefits Review Board de-12 scribed in subsection (a)(4), who is not described in 13 paragraph (1) shall complete the training program 14 under this section prior to engaging in any work 15 under this title and not less than annually there-16 after.".

17 SEC. 111. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

18 The Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 901 et seq.)19 is amended—

20 (1) in section 401(a) (30 U.S.C. 901(a)), by in21 serting "or who were found to be totally disabled by
22 such disease" after "such disease";

23 (2) in section 402 (30 U.S.C. 902)—
24 (A) in subsection (a), by striking para25 graph (2) and inserting the following:

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1 "(2) a spouse who is a member of the same 2 household as the miner, or is receiving regular con-3 tributions from the miner for support, or whose 4 spouse is a miner who has been ordered by a court 5 to contribute to support, or who meets the require-6 ments of paragraph (1) or (2) of section 216(b) of 7 the Social Security Act or paragraph (1) or (2) of 8 section 216(f) of such Act. An individual is the 9 'spouse' of a miner when such individual is legally 10 married to the miner under the laws of the State 11 where the marriage was celebrated. The term 12 'spouse' also includes a 'divorced wife' or 'divorced 13 husband', as such terms are defined in paragraph 14 (1) or (4) of section 216(d) of such Act, who is re-15 ceiving at least one-half of his or her support, as de-16 termined in accordance with regulations prescribed 17 by the Secretary, from the miner, or is receiving 18 substantial contributions from the miner (pursuant 19 to a written agreement), or there is in effect a court 20 order for substantial contributions to the spouse's 21 support from such miner."; 22 (B) by striking subsection (e) and insert-23 ing the following: 24 "(e) The term 'surviving spouse' includes the spouse

living with or dependent for support on the miner at the

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time of the miner's death, or living apart for reasonable 1 2 cause or because of the miner's desertion, or who meets 3 the requirements of subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or 4 (E) of section 216(c)(1) of the Social Security Act, sub-5 paragraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E) of section 216(g)(1)6 of such Act, or section 216(k) of such Act, who is not 7 married. An individual is the 'surviving spouse' of a miner 8 when legally married at the time of the miner's death 9 under the laws of the State where the marriage was cele-10 brated. Such term also includes a 'surviving divorced wife' or 'surviving divorced husband', as such terms are defined 11 in paragraph (2) or (5) of section 216(d) of such Act who 12 13 for the month preceding the month in which the miner died, was receiving at least one-half of his or her support, 14 15 as determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, from the miner, or was receiving sub-16 17 stantial contributions from the miner (pursuant to a writ-18 ten agreement) or there was in effect a court order for 19 substantial contributions to the spouse's support from the miner at the time of the miner's death."; 20 21 (C) in subsection (g)—

(i) in paragraph (2)(B)(ii), by striking
"he ceased" and inserting "the individual
ceased"; and

1	(ii) in the matter following paragraph
2	(2)(C), by striking "widow" each place it
3	appears and inserting "surviving spouse";
4	(D) in subsection (h), by striking "Internal
5	Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
6	Revenue Code of 1986"; and
7	(E) in subsection (i), by striking "Internal
8	Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
9	Revenue Code of 1986";
10	(3) in section 411 (30 U.S.C. 921)—
11	(A) by striking subsection (a) and insert-
12	ing the following:
13	"(a) The Secretary shall, in accordance with the pro-
14	visions of this title, and the regulations promulgated by
15	the Secretary under this title, make payments of benefits
16	in respect of—
17	"(1) total disability of any miner due to pneu-
18	moconiosis;
19	"(2) the death of any miner whose death was
20	due to pneumoconiosis;
21	"(3) total disability of any miner at the time of
22	the miner's death with respect to a claim filed under
23	part C prior to January 1, 1982;
24	"(4) survivors' benefits for any claim filed after
25	January 1, 2005, that is pending on or after March

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23, 2010, where the miner is found entitled to re-
ceive benefits at the time of the miner's death as a
result of the miner's claim filed under part C; and
"(5) survivors' benefits where the miner is
found entitled to receive benefits at the time of the
miner's death resulting from the miner's claim filed
under part C before January 1, 1982."; and
(B) in subsection (c)—
(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "his
pneumoconiosis" and inserting "the min-
er's pneumoconiosis''; and
(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "his
death" and inserting "the miner's death";
(4) in section 412 (30 U.S.C. 922)—
(A) in subsection (a)—
(i) by striking paragraph (2) and in-
serting the following:
"(2) In the case of a surviving spouse—
"(A) of a miner whose death is due to pneumo-
coniosis;
"(B) in a claim filed after January 1, 2005,
and that is pending on or after March 23, 2010, of
a miner who is found entitled to receive benefits at
the time of the miner's death as a result of the min-
er's claim filed under part C;

"(C) of a miner who is found entitled to receive
benefits at the time of the miner's death as a result
of the miner's claim filed under part C before Janu-
ary 1, 1982; or
"(D) in a claim filed under part C before Janu-
ary 1, 1982, of a miner who was totally disabled by
pneumoconiosis at the time of the miner's death,
benefits shall be paid to the miner's surviving spouse at
the rate the deceased miner would receive such benefits
if the miner were totally disabled.";
(ii) in paragraph (3)—
(I) by striking "(3) In the case"
and all that follows through "section
411(c)" and inserting the following:
"(3)(A) In the case of the child or
children of a miner described in sub-
paragraph (B)";
(II) by striking "he" each place
it appears and inserting "the child";
(III) by striking "widow" each
place it appears and inserting "sur-
viving spouse"; and
(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

1	"(B) Subparagraph (A) shall apply in the case of any
2	child or children—
3	"(i) of a miner whose death is due to pneumo-
4	coniosis;
5	"(ii) in a claim filed after January 1, 2005,
6	that is pending on or after March 23, 2010, of a
7	miner who is found entitled to receive benefits at the
8	time of the miner's death as a result of the miner's
9	claim filed under part C;
10	"(iii) of a miner who is found entitled to receive
11	benefits at the time of the miner's death as a result
12	of the miner's claim filed under part C before Janu-
13	ary 1, 1982;
14	"(iv) in a claim filed under part C before Janu-
15	ary 1, 1982, of a miner who was totally disabled by
16	pneumoconiosis at the time of the miner's death;
17	"(v) of a surviving spouse who is found entitled
18	to receive benefits under this part at the time of the
19	surviving spouse's death; or
20	"(vi) entitled to the payment of benefits under
21	paragraph (5) of section 411(c).";
22	(iii) in paragraph (5)—
23	(I) by striking the first sentence
24	and inserting the following: "In the
25	case of the dependent parent or par-

1	ents of a miner who is not survived at
2	the time of death by a surviving
3	spouse or a child and (i) whose death
4	is due to pneumoconiosis, (ii) in a
5	claim filed after January 1, 2005,
6	that is pending on or after March 23,
7	2010, who is found entitled to receive
8	benefits at the time of the miner's
9	death as a result of the miner's claim
10	filed under part C, (iii) who is found
11	entitled to receive benefits at the time
12	of the miner's death as a result of the
13	miner's claim filed under part C be-
14	fore January 1, 1982, or (iv) in a
15	claim filed under part C before Janu-
16	ary 1, 1982, who was totally disabled
17	by pneumoconiosis at the time of the
18	miner's death, (I) in the case of the
19	dependent surviving brother(s) or sis-
20	ter(s) of such a miner who is not sur-
21	vived at the time of the miner's death
22	by a surviving spouse, child, or par-
23	ent, (II) in the case of the dependent
24	parent or parents of a miner (who is
25	not survived at the time of the miner's

1	death by a surviving spouse or child)
2	who are entitled to the payment of
3	benefits under paragraph (5) of sec-
4	tion 411(c), or (III) in the case of the
5	dependent surviving brother(s) or sis-
6	ter(s) of a miner (who is not survived
7	at the time of the miner's death by a
8	surviving spouse, child, or parent)
9	who are entitled to the payment of
10	benefits under paragraph (5) of sec-
11	tion 411(c), benefits shall be paid
12	under this part to such parent(s), or
13	to such brother(s), or sister(s), at the
14	rate specified in paragraph (3) (as if
15	such $parent(s)$ or such $brother(s)$ or
16	sister(s), were the children of such
17	miner)."; and
18	(II) in the fourth sentence—
19	(aa) by striking "brother
20	only if he" and inserting "broth-
21	er or sister only if the brother or
22	sister"; and
23	(bb) by striking "before he
24	ceased" and inserting "before the
25	brother or sister ceased"; and

1	(iv) in paragraph (6), by striking
2	"prescribed by him" and inserting "pre-
3	scribed by such Secretary";
4	(B) in subsection (b)—
5	(i) by striking "his" each place it ap-
6	pears and inserting "such miner's"; and
7	(ii) by striking "widow" each place it
8	appears and inserting "surviving spouse";
9	and
10	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
12	Revenue Code of 1986";
13	(5) in section 413 (30 U.S.C. 923)—
14	(A) in subsection (b)—
15	(i) in the second sentence, by striking
16	"his wife's affidavits" and inserting "affi-
17	davits of the miner's spouse";
18	(ii) in the ninth sentence, by striking
19	"widow" and inserting "surviving spouse";
20	and
21	(iii) by striking the last sentence; and
22	(B) in subsection (c), by striking "his
23	claim" and inserting "the claim";
24	(6) in section 414 (30 U.S.C. 924)—
25	(A) in subsection (a)—

1	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
2	"widow, within six months after the death
3	of her husband" and inserting "surviving
4	spouse, within six months after the death
5	of the miner"; and
6	(ii) in paragraph $(2)(C)$, by striking
7	"his" and inserting "the child's"; and
8	(B) in subsection (e)—
9	(i) by striking "widow" and inserting
10	"surviving spouse"; and
11	(ii) by striking "his death" and insert-
12	ing "the miner's death";
13	(7) in section 415(a) (30 U.S.C. 925(a))—
14	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Internal
15	Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
16	Revenue Code of 1986"; and
17	(B) in paragraph (2)—
18	(i) by striking "he" and inserting
19	"such Secretary"; and
20	(ii) by striking "him" and inserting
21	"such Secretary";
22	(8) in section 421 (30 U.S.C. 931)—
23	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "widows"
24	and inserting "spouses"; and
25	(B) in subsection $(b)(2)$ —

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1	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
2	graph (A), by striking "he" and inserting
3	"such Secretary"; and
4	(ii) in subparagraph (F), by striking
5	"promulgated by him" and inserting "pro-
6	mulgated by such Secretary";
7	(9) in section 422 (30 U.S.C. 932)—
8	(A) in subsection (a)—
9	(i) by striking "Internal Revenue
10	Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986"; and
12	(ii) by striking "he" and inserting
13	"such Secretary";
14	(B) in subsection (i)(4), by striking "Inter-
15	nal Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "In-
16	ternal Revenue Code of 1986"; and
17	(C) in subsection (j), by striking "Internal
18	Revenue Code of 1954" each place it appears
19	and inserting "Internal Revenue Code of
20	1986";
21	(10) in section 423(a) (30 U.S.C. 933(a)), by
22	striking "he" and inserting "such operator";
23	(11) in section 424(b) (30 U.S.C. 934(b))—

1	(A) in the matter following subparagraph
2	(B) of paragraph (1), by striking "him" and in-
3	serting "such operator";
4	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "Internal
5	Revenue Code of 1954" each place it appears
6	and inserting "Internal Revenue Code of
7	1986"; and
8	(C) in paragraph (5), by striking "Internal
9	Revenue Code of 1954" and inserting "Internal
10	Revenue Code of 1986";
11	(12) in section 428 (30 U.S.C. 938)—
12	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "him"
13	and inserting "such operator"; and
14	(B) in subsection (b)—
15	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
16	"he" and inserting "the miner";
17	(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
18	"he" and inserting "the Secretary";
19	(iii) in the ninth sentence—
20	(I) by striking "he" each place it
21	appears and inserting "the Sec-
22	retary"; and
23	(II) by striking "his" and insert-
24	ing "the miner's"; and

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1	(iv) in the tenth sentence, by striking
2	"he" each place it appears and inserting
3	"the Secretary"; and
4	(13) in section 430 (30 U.S.C. 940)—
5	(A) by striking "1977 and" and inserting
6	"1977,"; and
7	(B) by striking "1981" and inserting
8	"1981, and the Black Lung Benefits Improve-
9	ment Act of 2017, and any amendments made
10	after the date of enactment of such Act,".
11	SEC. 112. READJUDICATING CASES INVOLVING CERTAIN
12	CHEST RADIOGRAPHS.
13	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14	(1) COVERED CHEST RADIOGRAPH.—The term
15	"covered chest radiograph" means a chest
16	radiograph that was interpreted as negative for sim-
17	ple pneumoconiosis, complicated pneumoconiosis, or
18	progressive massive fibrosis by a physician with re-
19	spect to whom the Secretary has directed, in writing
20	
	and after an evaluation by the Secretary, that such
21	and after an evaluation by the Secretary, that such physician's negative interpretations of chest
21	physician's negative interpretations of chest
21 22	physician's negative interpretations of chest radiographs not be credited, except where subse-

1	(2) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered
2	individual" means an individual whose record for a
3	claim for benefits under the Black Lung Benefits
4	Act includes a covered chest radiograph.
5	(3) COVERED SURVIVOR.—The term "covered
6	survivor" means an individual who—
7	(A) is a survivor of a covered individual
8	whose claim under the Black Lung Benefits Act
9	was still pending at the time of the covered in-
10	dividual's death; and
11	(B) continued to seek an award with re-
12	spect to the covered individual's claim after the
13	covered individual's death.
14	(b) CLAIMS.—A covered individual or a covered sur-
15	vivor whose claim for benefits under the Black Lung Bene-
16	fits Act (30 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) was denied prior to the
17	enactment of this Act may file a new claim for benefits
18	under this Act not later than one year after the date of
19	enactment of this Act.
20	(c) Adjudication on the Merits.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any new claim filed under
22	subsection (b) shall be adjudicated on the merits and
23	shall not include consideration of a covered chest
24	radiograph.

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(2) COVERED SURVIVOR.—Any new claim filed
 under subsection (b) by a covered survivor shall be
 adjudicated as either a miner's or a survivor's claim
 depending upon the type of claim pending at the
 time of the covered individual's death.

6 (d) TIME OF PAYMENT.—

7 (1) MINER'S CLAIM.—If a claim, filed under
8 subsection (b) and adjudicated under subsection (c)
9 as a miner's claim, results in an award of benefits,
10 benefits shall be payable beginning with the month
11 of the filing of the denied claim that had included
12 in its record a covered chest radiograph.

13 (2) SURVIVOR'S CLAIM.—If a claim, filed under
14 subsection (b) and adjudicated under subsection (c)
15 as a survivor's claim, results in an award of benefits,
16 benefits shall be payable beginning with the month
17 of the miner's death.

(e) CONTRIBUTING IMPACT.—The Secretary shall
have the discretion to deny a new claim under subsection
(b) in circumstances where the party opposing such claim
establishes through clear and convincing evidence that a
covered chest radiograph did not contribute to the decision
to deny benefits in all prior claims filed by the covered
individual or the covered survivor.

(f) LIMITATION ON FILING OF NEW CLAIMS.—A new
 claim for benefits may be filed under subsection (b) only
 if the original claim was finally denied by a district direc tor, an administrative law judge, or the Benefits Review
 Board established under section 21(b) of the Longshore
 and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C.
 921(b)).

8 SEC. 113. DISCLOSURE OF EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS 9 INFORMATION FOR BLACK LUNG BENEFITS 10 ACT CLAIMS.

(a) TAX RETURN INFORMATION.—Section 6103(l) of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding
at the end the following new paragraph:

14 "(23) DISCLOSURE OF RETURN INFORMATION
15 TO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR TO CARRY OUT BLACK
16 LUNG BENEFITS ACT.—

17 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commissioner of 18 Social Security shall, on written request with 19 respect to any individual, disclose to officers or 20 employees of the Department of Labor return 21 information from returns with respect to net 22 earnings from self-employment (as defined in 23 section 1402) and wages (as defined in section 24 3121(a) or 3401(a)) for employment for each 25 employer of such individual.

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"(B) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—The
 Commissioner of Social Security shall disclose
 return information under subparagraph (A)
 only for purposes of, and the extent necessary
 in, carrying out the proper administration of
 the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 901 et
 seq.).".

8 (b) Social Security Earnings Information.— 9 Notwithstanding section 552a of title 5, United States 10 Code, or any other provision of Federal or State law, the Commissioner of Social Security shall make available to 11 12 the officers and employees of the Department of Labor, 13 upon written request, the Social Security earnings information of living or deceased individuals who are the sub-14 15 ject of a claim under the Black Lung Benefits Act (30) U.S.C. 901 et seq.), which the Secretary of Labor may 16 17 require to carry out such Act. Such information shall be made available in electronic form. 18

19 PART B—REPORTS TO IMPROVE THE ADMINIS 20 TRATION OF BENEFITS UNDER THE BLACK

21 LUNG BENEFITS ACT

22 SEC. 121. STRATEGY TO REDUCE DELAYS IN ADJUDICA23 TION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after thedate of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall

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1 submit to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, 2 and Pensions and the Committee on Appropriations of the 3 Senate and the Committee on Education and the Work-4 force and the Committee on Appropriations of the House 5 of Representatives a comprehensive strategy to reduce the 6 backlog of cases pending on such date of enactment before 7 the Office of Administrative Law Judges of the Depart-8 ment of Labor.

9 (b) CONTENTS OF STRATEGY.—The strategy under
10 this section shall provide information relating to—

(1) the current and targeted pendency for each
category of cases before the Office of Administrative
Law Judges of the Department of Labor;

(2) the number of administrative law judges,
attorney advisors supporting such judges, support
staff, and other resources necessary to achieve and
maintain the targeted pendency for each category of
such cases;

(3) the necessary resources to improve efficiency and effectiveness, such as equipment for video
conferences, training, use of reemployed annuitants,
and administrative reforms;

(4) the impact of sequestration, furloughs, and
the Federal Government shutdown, which occurred
from October 1 to October 16, 2013, on increasing

administrative burdens and the backlog of cases
 pending before such office; and

3 (5) with respect to claims filed under the Black
4 Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), the nec5 essary resources needed to reduce the average pend6 ency of cases to less than 12 months from the date
7 of receipt of the case to the date of disposition of
8 such case.

9 (c) CONSULTATION.—In preparing such strategy, the 10 Secretary of Labor shall consult with organizations that have ongoing interactions with the Office of Administra-11 12 tive Law Judges of the Department of Labor, including 13 organizations that represent parties in cases under the Black Lung Benefits Act, the Longshore and Harbor 14 15 Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), and Federal statutes regarding whistleblowers, wages and 16 hours for employees, and immigration. 17

18 SEC. 122. GAO REPORT ON BLACK LUNG PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the
House of Representatives a report on any barriers to
health care faced by coal miners with pneumoconiosis.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report required under sub section (a) shall include—

3 (1) an assessment of possible barriers to health
4 care under the Black Lung Benefits Act (30 U.S.C.
5 901 et seq.) and the degree to which any barriers
6 impact the ability of miners with legitimate medical
7 needs, particularly such miners in rural areas, to access treatment for pneumoconiosis;

9 (2) recommendations necessary to address
10 issues, if any, relating to patient access to care
11 under such Act; and

(3) an evaluation of whether the benefit payments authorized under such Act, as amended by
this Act, are sufficient to meet the expenses of disabled miners, surviving spouses, dependents, and
other family members entitled to receive benefits
under the Black Lung Benefits Act.

18 TITLE II—STANDARD FOR RES-

19 **PIRABLE DUST CONCENTRA-**20 **TION**

21 SEC. 201. STANDARD FOR RESPIRABLE DUST CONCENTRA-

22 **TION.**

23 Section 202 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health
24 Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 842) is amended by adding at
25 the end the following:

1	"(i) Reports.—
2	"(1) Retrospective study.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on August
4	1, 2021, the Secretary shall conduct a retro-
5	spective study evaluating data collected using
6	continuous personal dust monitors to determine
7	whether to—
8	"(i) lower the applicable standard for
9	respirable dust concentration to protect the
10	health of miners;
11	"(ii) increase the frequency for taking
12	samples of respirable dust concentration,
13	using continuous personal dust monitors;
14	"(iii) modify the engineering controls
15	and work practices used by mine operators
16	to comply with the applicable standard for
17	respirable dust concentration;
18	"(iv) convert samples taken for shifts
19	that are greater than 8 hours to an 8-hour
20	equivalent concentration to more accu-
21	rately assess the conditions of miners
22	working on longer shifts; and
23	''(v) lower the 100 $\mu q/m3$ standard
24	for quartz (crystalline silica) in respirable
25	dust to better protect miners' health.

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1 "(B) COMPLETION DEADLINE.—By Au-2 gust 1, 2022, the Secretary shall complete the 3 study required by subparagraph (A) and report 4 the findings of such study to the Committee on 5 Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the 6 Senate and the Committee on Education and 7 the Workforce of the House of Representatives. 8 "(2) SUBSEQUENT STUDIES.—By August 1, 9 2025, and every 3 years thereafter, the Secretary 10 shall conduct a new study as described in paragraph 11 (1)(A) and report, by not later than one year after 12 the commencement of the study, the findings of such 13 study to the Committee on Health, Education, 14 Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Com-15 mittee on Education and the Workforce of the 16 House of Representatives. 17 "(3) REVISED STANDARDS.—If any report of 18 the Secretary under this subsection concludes that 19 the applicable standard for respirable dust con-20 centration should be lowered to protect the health of 21 miners, or that the incidence of pneumoconiosis 22 among coal miners in the United States, as reported 23 by the National Institute for Occupational Safety

25 dence prior to the implementation of the most recent

and Health, has not been reduced from such inci-

1 applicable standard for respirable dust concentra-2 tion, the Secretary shall, consistent with the require-3 ments of this section and section 101, accordingly 4 revise such standard and any applicable sampling or 5 testing procedures not later than 24 months after 6 the publication of such report of the Secretary under 7 this subsection.". **III—ESTABLISHING** THE TITLE 8

8 IIILE III—ESTABLISHING THE 9 OFFICE OF WORKERS' COM10 PENSATION PROGRAMS 11 SEC. 301. OFFICE OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION PRO-

12 GRAMS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be established, in
the Department of Labor, an Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (referred to in this section as the "Office").

17 (b) DIRECTOR.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Office shall be directed
19 by a Director for the Office of Workers' Compensa20 tion (referred to in this title as the "Director") who
21 shall be appointed by the President, by and with the
22 advice and consent of the Senate.

23 (2) DUTIES.—The Director shall carry out all
24 duties carried out by the Director for the Office of

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Workers' Compensation as of the day before the
 date of enactment of this Act.

3 (c) FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the Office on and
4 after the date of enactment of this Act shall include the
5 functions of the Office on the day before the date of enact6 ment of this Act, including all of its personnel, assets, au7 thorities, and liabilities.

8 (d) References to Bureau of Employees' Com-9 PENSATION.—Reference in any other Federal law, Execu-10 tive order, reorganization plan, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of or relating to the 11 Bureau of Employees' Compensation with regard to func-12 13 tions carried out by the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, shall be deemed to refer to the Office of Work-14 15 ers' Compensation Programs.

16 **TITLE IV—SEVERABILITY**

17 SEC. 401. SEVERABILITY.

18 If any provision of this Act, or an amendment made 19 by this Act, or the application of such provision to any 20 person or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remain-21 der of this Act, or an amendment made by this Act, or 22 the application of such provision to other persons or cir-23 cumstances, shall not be affected.