118th CONGRESS 2D Session

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To provide for special enforcement provisions with respect to COVID-related employee retention credit claims, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. ROMNEY (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. TILLIS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To provide for special enforcement provisions with respect to COVID-related employee retention credit claims, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "ERTC Repeal Act of5 2024".

1	SEC. 2. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO
2	COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION
3	CREDITS.
4	(a) Increase in Assessable Penalty on COVID–
5	ERTC PROMOTERS FOR AIDING AND ABETTING UNDER-
6	STATEMENTS OF TAX LIABILITY.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—If any COVID-ERTC pro-
8	moter is subject to penalty under section 6701(a) of
9	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with respect to
10	any COVID-ERTC document, notwithstanding
11	paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 6701(b) of such
12	Code, the amount of the penalty imposed under such
13	section 6701(a) shall be the greater of—
14	(A) \$200,000 (\$10,000, in the case of a
15	natural person), or
16	(B) 75 percent of the gross income derived
17	(or to be derived) by such promoter with re-
18	spect to the aid, assistance, or advice referred
19	to in section $6701(a)(1)$ of such Code with re-
20	spect to such document.
21	(2) NO INFERENCE.—Paragraph (1) shall not
22	be construed to create any inference with respect to
23	the proper application of the knowledge requirement
24	of section $6701(a)(3)$ of the Internal Revenue Code
25	of 1986.

MCG24430 M66

3

(b) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DUE DILIGENCE RE-1 2 QUIREMENTS TREATED AS KNOWLEDGE FOR PURPOSES OF ASSESSABLE PENALTY FOR AIDING AND ABETTING 3 UNDERSTATEMENT OF TAX LIABILITY.-In the case of 4 5 any COVID-ERTC promoter, the knowledge requirement 6 of section 6701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 7 1986 shall be treated as satisfied with respect to any 8 COVID-ERTC document with respect to which such pro-9 moter provided aid, assistance, or advice, if such promoter 10 fails to comply with the due diligence requirements referred to in subsection (c)(1). 11

12 (c) ASSESSABLE PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY
13 WITH DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Any COVID-ERTC pro-15 moter which provides aid, assistance, or advice with 16 respect to any COVID-ERTC document and which 17 fails to comply with due diligence requirements im-18 posed by the Secretary with respect to determining 19 eligibility for, or the amount of, any COVID-related 20 employee retention tax credit, shall pay a penalty of 21 \$1,000 for each such failure.

(2) DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—Except
as otherwise provided by the Secretary, the due diligence requirements referred to in paragraph (1)

1 shall be similar to the due diligence requirements 2 imposed under section 6695(g). 3 (3) RESTRICTION TO DOCUMENTS USED IN 4 CONNECTION WITH RETURNS OR CLAIMS FOR RE-5 FUND.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect 6 to any COVID-ERTC document unless such docu-7 ment constitutes, or relates to, a return or claim for 8 refund. 9 (4)TREATMENT AS ASSESSABLE PENALTY, 10 ETC.—For purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 11 1986, the penalty imposed under paragraph (1) shall 12 be treated in the same manner as a penalty imposed

13 under section 6695(g).

14 (5) SECRETARY.—For purposes of this sub15 section, the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
16 of the Treasury or the Secretary's delegate.

17 (d) ASSESSABLE PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO DIS18 CLOSE INFORMATION, MAINTAIN CLIENT LISTS, ETC.—
19 For purposes of sections 6111, 6112, 6707 and 6708 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986—

(1) any COVID-related employee retention tax
credit (whether or not the taxpayer claims such
COVID-related employee retention tax credit) shall
be treated as a listed transaction (and as a reportable transaction) with respect to any COVID-ERTC

promoter if such promoter provides any aid, assist ance, or advice with respect to any COVID-ERTC
 document relating to such COVID-related employee
 retention tax credit, and

5 (2) such COVID-ERTC promoter shall be
6 treated as a material advisor with respect to such
7 transaction.

8 (e) COVID-ERTC PROMOTER.—For purposes of9 this section—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The term "COVID-ERTC
11 promoter" means, with respect to any COVID12 ERTC document, any person which provides aid, as13 sistance, or advice with respect to such document
14 if—

15 (A) such person charges or receives a fee 16 for such aid, assistance, or advice which is 17 based on the amount of the refund or credit 18 with respect to such document and, with respect 19 to such person's taxable year in which such per-20 son provided such assistance or the preceding 21 taxable year, the aggregate gross receipts of 22 such person for aid, assistance, and advice with 23 respect to all COVID-ERTC documents exceeds 24 20 percent of the gross receipts of such person 25 for such taxable year, or

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1	(B) with respect to such person's taxable
2	year in which such person provided such assist-
3	ance or the preceding taxable year—
4	(i) the aggregate gross receipts of
5	such person for aid, assistance, and advice
6	with respect to all COVID-ERTC docu-
7	ments exceeds 50 percent of the gross re-
8	ceipts of such person for such taxable year,
9	or
10	(ii) both—
11	(I) such aggregate gross receipts
12	exceeds 20 percent of the gross re-
13	ceipts of such person for such taxable
14	year, and
15	(II) the aggregate gross receipts
16	of such person for aid, assistance, and
17	advice with respect to all COVID-
18	ERTC documents (determined after
19	application of paragraph (3)) exceeds
20	\$500,000.
21	(2) Exception for certified professional
22	EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS.—The term "COVID-
23	ERTC promoter" shall not include a certified profes-
24	sional employer organization (as defined in section
25	7705).

(3) AGGREGATION RULE.—For purposes of
 paragraph (1)(B)(ii)(II), all persons treated as a
 single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of sec tion 52 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or
 subsection (m) or (o) of section 414 of such Code,
 shall be treated as 1 person.

7 (4) SHORT TAXABLE YEARS.—In the case of
8 any taxable year of less than 12 months, paragraph
9 (1) shall be applied with respect to the calendar year
10 in which such taxable year begins (in addition to applying to such taxable year).

12 (f) COVID-ERTC DOCUMENT.—For purposes of 13 this section, the term "COVID-ERTC document" means 14 any return, affidavit, claim, or other document related to 15 any COVID-related employee retention tax credit, includ-16 ing any document related to eligibility for, or the calcula-17 tion or determination of any amount directly related to 18 any COVID-related employee retention tax credit.

(g) COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX
CREDIT.—For purposes of this section, the term
"COVID-related employee retention tax credit" means—

(1) any credit, or advance payment, under section 3134 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
and

MCG24430 M66

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(2) any credit, or advance payment, under sec tion 2301 of the CARES Act.

3 (h) LIMITATION ON CREDIT AND REFUND OF 4 COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX CRED-5 ITS.—Notwithstanding section 6511 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any other provision of law, no credit 6 7 or refund of any COVID-related employee retention tax 8 credit shall be allowed or made after January 31, 2024, 9 unless a claim for such credit or refund is filed by the 10 taxpayer on or before such date.

(i) Amendments to Extend Limitation on As-12 sessment.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3134(l) of the Inter14 nal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as fol15 lows:

"(1) EXTENSION OF LIMITATION ON ASSESSMENT.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
6501, the limitation on the time period for the assessment of any amount attributable to a credit
claimed under this section shall not expire before the
date that is 6 years after the latest of—

22 "(A) the date on which the original return
23 which includes the calendar quarter with re24 spect to which such credit is determined is filed,

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1	"(B) the date on which such return is
2	treated as filed under section $6501(b)(2)$, or
3	"(C) the date on which the claim for credit
4	or refund with respect to such credit is made.
5	"(2) Deduction for wages taken into ac-
6	COUNT IN DETERMINING IMPROPERLY CLAIMED
7	CREDIT.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sec-
9	tion 6511, in the case of an assessment attrib-
10	utable to a credit claimed under this section,
11	the limitation on the time period for credit or
12	refund of any amount attributable to a deduc-
13	tion for improperly claimed ERTC wages shall
14	not expire before the time period for such as-
15	sessment expires under paragraph (1).
16	"(B) Improperly claimed ertc
17	WAGES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
18	term 'improperly claimed ERTC wages' means,
19	with respect to an assessment attributable to a
20	credit claimed under this section, the wages
21	with respect to which a deduction would not
22	have been allowed if the portion of the credit to
23	which such assessment relates had been prop-
24	erly claimed.".

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1	(2) Application to cares act credit.—Sec-
2	tion 2301 of the CARES Act is amended by adding
3	at the end the following new subsection:
4	"(o) Extension of Limitation on Assessment.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
6	6501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the lim-
7	itation on the time period for the assessment of any
8	amount attributable to a credit claimed under this
9	section shall not expire before the date that is 6
10	years after the latest of—
11	"(A) the date on which the original return
12	which includes the calendar quarter with re-
13	spect to which such credit is determined is filed,
14	"(B) the date on which such return is
15	treated as filed under section $6501(b)(2)$ of
16	such Code, or
17	"(C) the date on which the claim for credit
18	or refund with respect to such credit is made.
19	"(2) Deduction for wages taken into ac-
20	COUNT IN DETERMINING IMPROPERLY CLAIMED
21	CREDIT.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sec-
23	tion 6511 of such Code, in the case of an as-
24	sessment attributable to a credit claimed under
25	this section, the limitation on the time period

1 for credit or refund of any amount attributable 2 to a deduction for improperly claimed ERTC 3 wages shall not expire before the time period 4 for such assessment expires under paragraph 5 (1)."(B) 6 IMPROPERLY CLAIMED ERTC 7 WAGES.—For purposes of this paragraph, the 8 term 'improperly claimed ERTC wages' means, 9 with respect to an assessment attributable to a 10 credit claimed under this section, the wages 11 with respect to which a deduction would not

have been allowed if the portion of the credit to
which such assessment relates had been properly claimed.".

15 (j) Effective Dates.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro17 vided in this subsection, the provisions of this sec18 tion shall apply to aid, assistance, and advice pro19 vided after March 12, 2020.

20 (2) DUE DILIGENCE REQUIREMENTS.—Sub21 sections (b) and (c) shall apply to aid, assistance,
22 and advice provided after the date of the enactment
23 of this Act.

24 (3) LIMITATION ON CREDIT AND REFUND OF
25 COVID-RELATED EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX CRED-

ITS.—Subsection (h) shall apply to credits and re funds allowed or made after January 31, 2024.

3 (4) AMENDMENTS TO EXTEND LIMITATION ON
4 ASSESSMENT.—The amendments made by subsection
5 (i) shall apply to assessments made after the date of
6 the enactment of this Act.

7 (k) TRANSITION RULE WITH RESPECT TO REQUIRE-8 MENTS TO DISCLOSE INFORMATION, MAINTAIN CLIENT 9 LISTS, ETC.—Any return under section 6111 of the Inter-10 nal Revenue Code of 1986, or list under section 6112 of such Code, required by reason of subsection (d) of this 11 12 section to be filed or maintained, respectively, with respect 13 to any aid, assistance, or advice provided by a COVID-ERTC promoter with respect to a COVID-ERTC docu-14 15 ment before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall not be required to be so filed or maintained (with respect 16 17 to such aid, assistance or advice) before the date which is 90 days after such date. 18

19 (1) PROVISIONS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED TO CREATE20 NEGATIVE INFERENCES.—

(1) NO INFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATION OF KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENT TO PRE-ENACTMENT CONDUCT OF COVID-ERTC PROMOTERS,
ETC.—Subsection (b) shall not be construed to create any inference with respect to the proper applica-

MCG24430 M66

13

tion of section 6701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986 with respect to any aid, assistance, or
advice provided by any COVID-ERTC promoter on
or before the date of the enactment of this Act (or
with respect to any other aid, assistance, or advice
to which such subsection does not apply).

7 (2) Requirements to disclose informa-8 TION, MAINTAIN CLIENT LISTS, ETC.—Subsections 9 (d) and (k) shall not be construed to create any in-10 ference with respect to whether any COVID-related 11 employee retention tax credit is (without regard to 12 subsection (d)) a listed transaction (or reportable 13 transaction) with respect to any COVID-ERTC pro-14 moter; and, for purposes of subsection (j), a return 15 or list shall not be treated as required (with respect 16 to such aid, assistance, or advice) by reason of sub-17 section (d) if such return or list would be so re-18 quired without regard to subsection (d).

(m) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary (as defined in
subsection (c)(5)) shall issue such regulations or other
guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
the purposes of this section (and the amendments made
by this section).